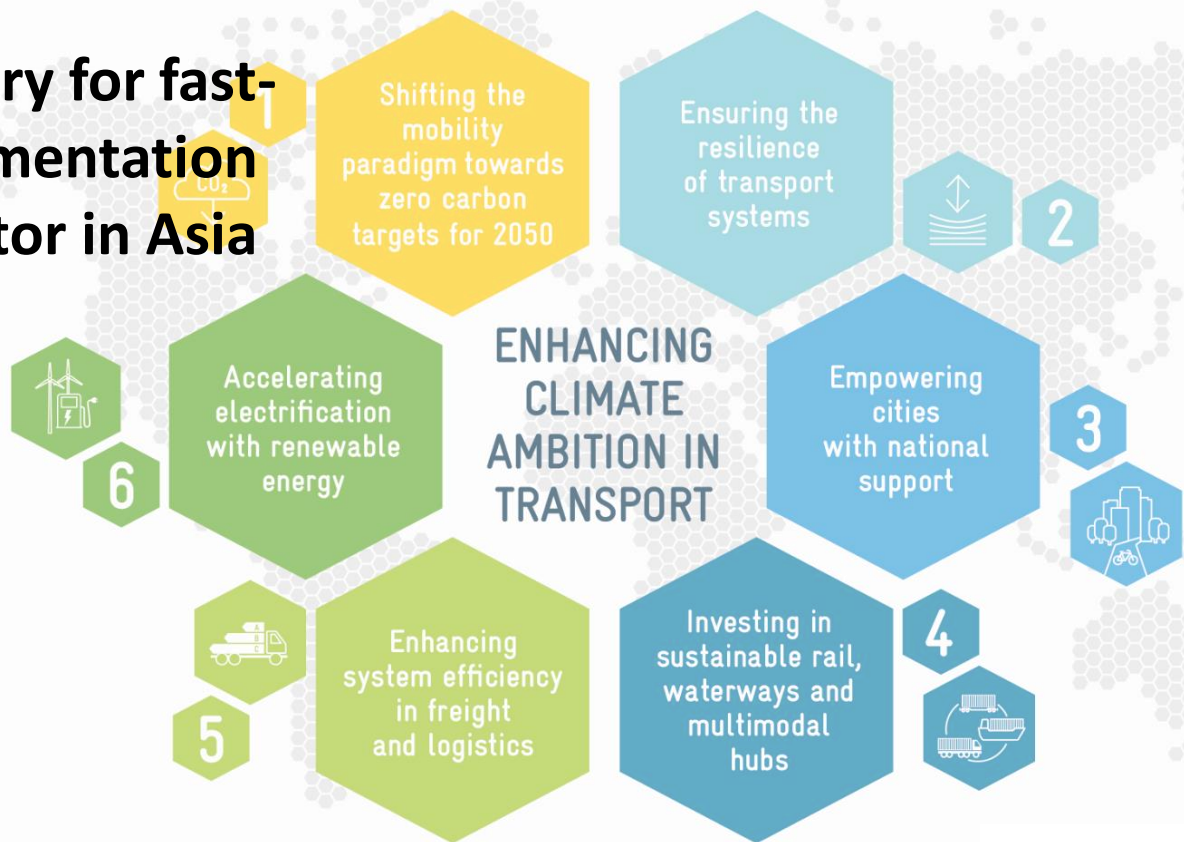


Using Green Recovery for fast-tracking NDC implementation in the transport sector in Asia

Workshop, 1st July 2020



Map of the World © istock.com

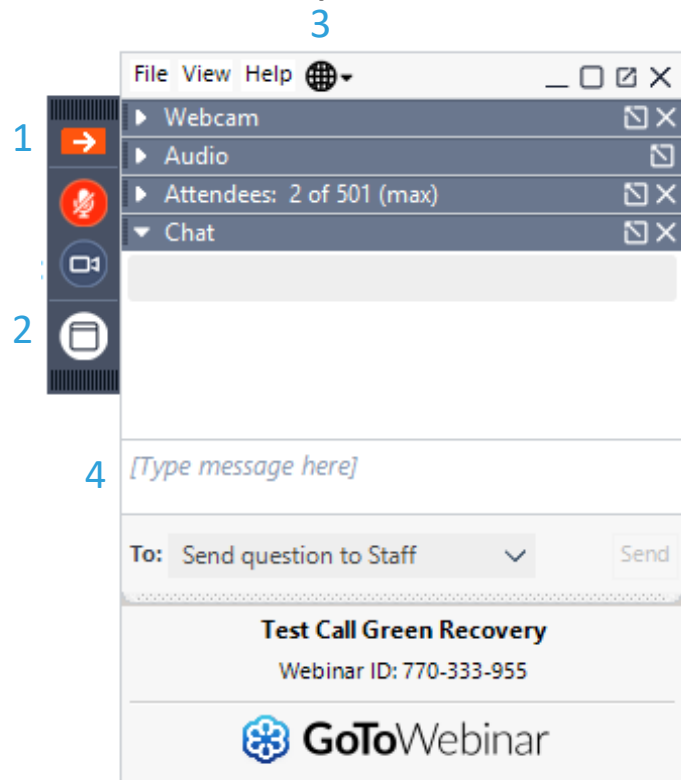
Housekeeping: Functions of the control panel

Grab Tab: From the Grab Tab, you can

1. Hide the Control Panel,
2. View the webinar in full screen,
3. Change language.

Chat:

4. Type questions and comments to the presenters and click „send“.



Agenda

1. Introduction and welcome remarks

Dennis Knese (GIZ), Paulina Rudnicka (LEDS GP), Nikola Medimorec (SLOCAT)

2. Sustainable Transport, NDCs and the Green Recovery

Daniel Bongardt (GIZ)

3. Work Session #1: Recovery programmes to accelerate NDCs

Nikola Medimorec (SLOCAT)

4. Work Session #2: Sustainable Urban Mobility after Corona

Amegh Gopinath (GIZ India)

5. Closing Remarks



Rationale of today's event

- Even in these times dominated by the coronavirus, climate action remains an acute and global challenge
- Work on ambitious updated NDCs under the Paris Agreement will not be put on hold because of the coronavirus, but will continue
- Critical timeframe: Over the next 6-18 months countries will invest trillions in boosting economic growth to recover from the COVID-19 fallout
- How they do this will determine the world's climate and sustainable development trajectory for decades to come
- Transport sector is key for both recovery and climate mitigation

Background of LEDS GP

(Low Emission Development Strategies Global Partnership)

Since its launch in 2010 the LEDS GP has become a vibrant platform for peer learning and collaboration.



The LEDS GP is a community of **over 4,735 members**



Goal: Implementation of **ambitious LEDS and NDCs**



Multi-stakeholder network for peer learning, technical collaboration and information exchange



Country and demand-driven approach to help build the capacity of practitioners



Regional platforms



Global working groups

Energy
Transport
AFOLU
Finance
Resource
Efficiency

Supported by:



based on a decision of the German Bundestag

SLOCAT Partnership on Sustainable, Low Carbon Transport

Powering the sustainable, low carbon transport revolution with ambition, solutions and collaboration



International, multi-stakeholder ecosystem of 90 entities



Primary focus:
Land transport
All mobility modes



Geographic footprint:
Global South

3 mutually-reinforcing work streams



Knowledge and Policy Analysis



Advocacy and Engagement



Dialogue and Networking

www.slocat.net

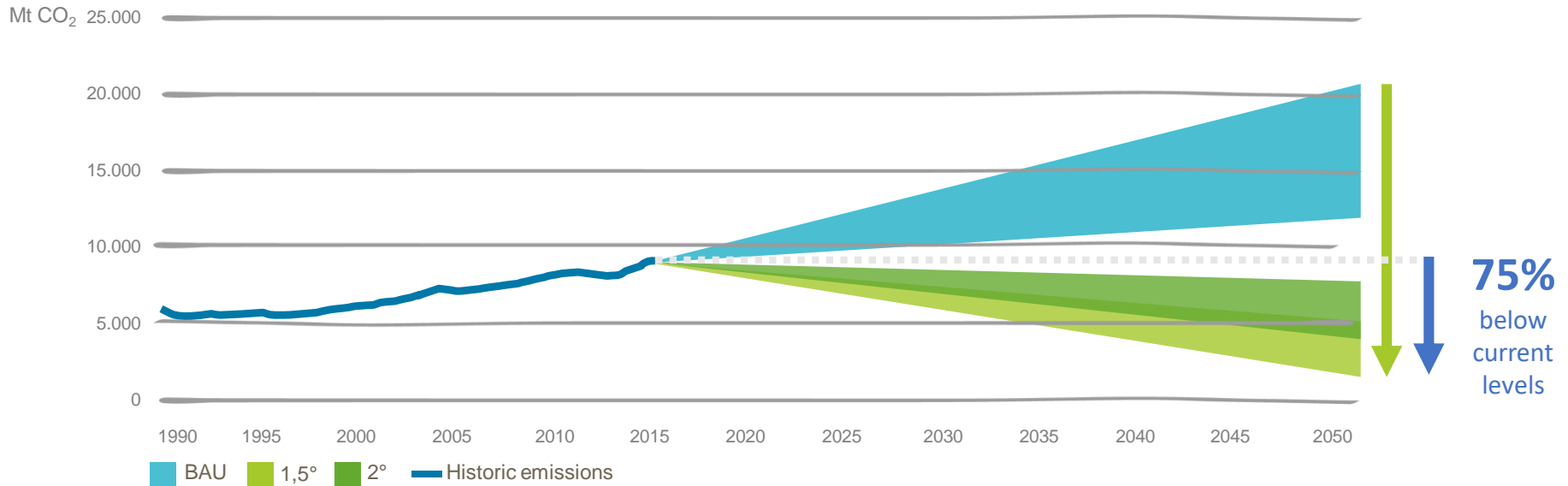
Sustainable Transport, NDCs and the Green Recovery

(Daniel Bongardt)

Transforming transport is fundamental

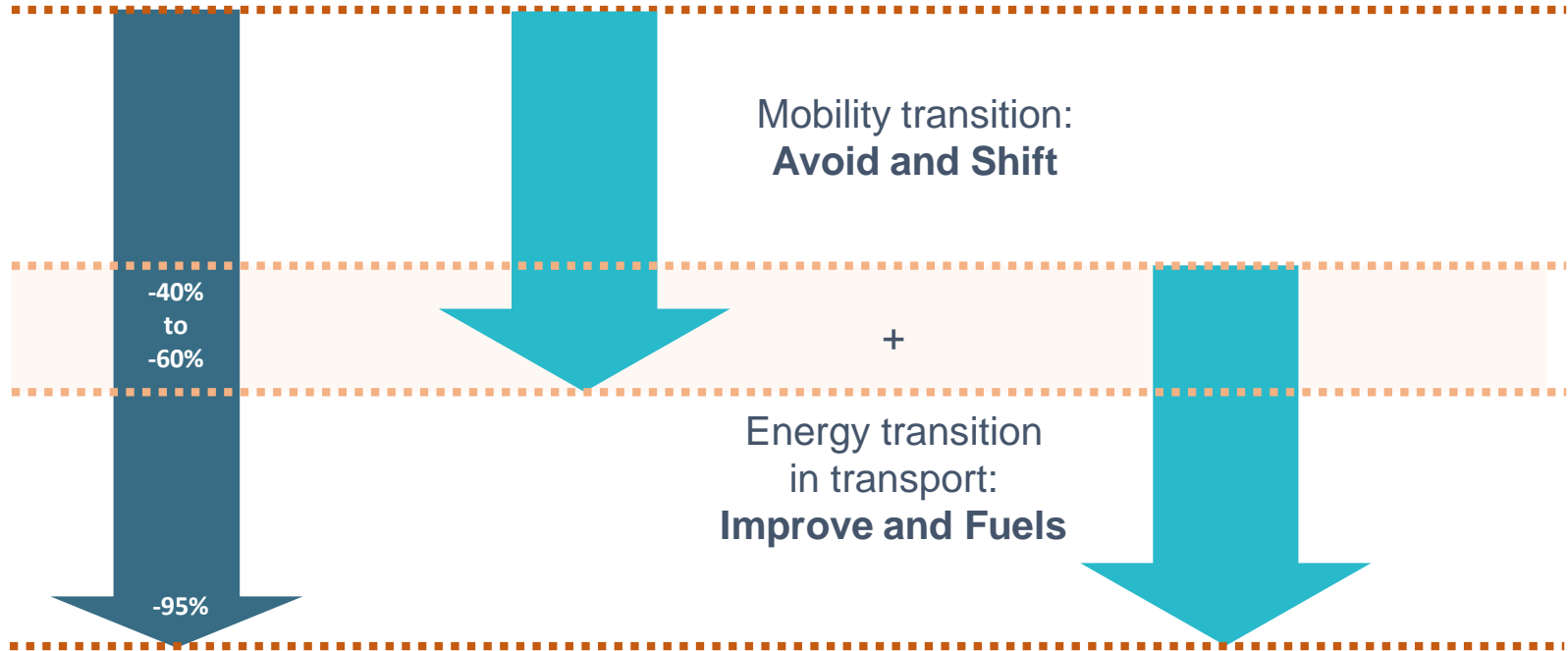
Global transport emissions 2018: ca. 8 Gt CO₂

Business-as-usual (BAU) and required reductions under 2°C and 1.5°C scenarios (simplified)



Source: Authors' figure, historic emissions based on data from IEA (2016), projections based on data from Gota et al. (n.d.)/SLOCAT Knowledge Base.

Ambitious targets require comprehensive actions



Bringing communities together...



Climate actions in transport = GHG objectives

e.g. fuel economy standards

Economic Recovery actions in transport = socio-economic objectives

e.g. support transport companies

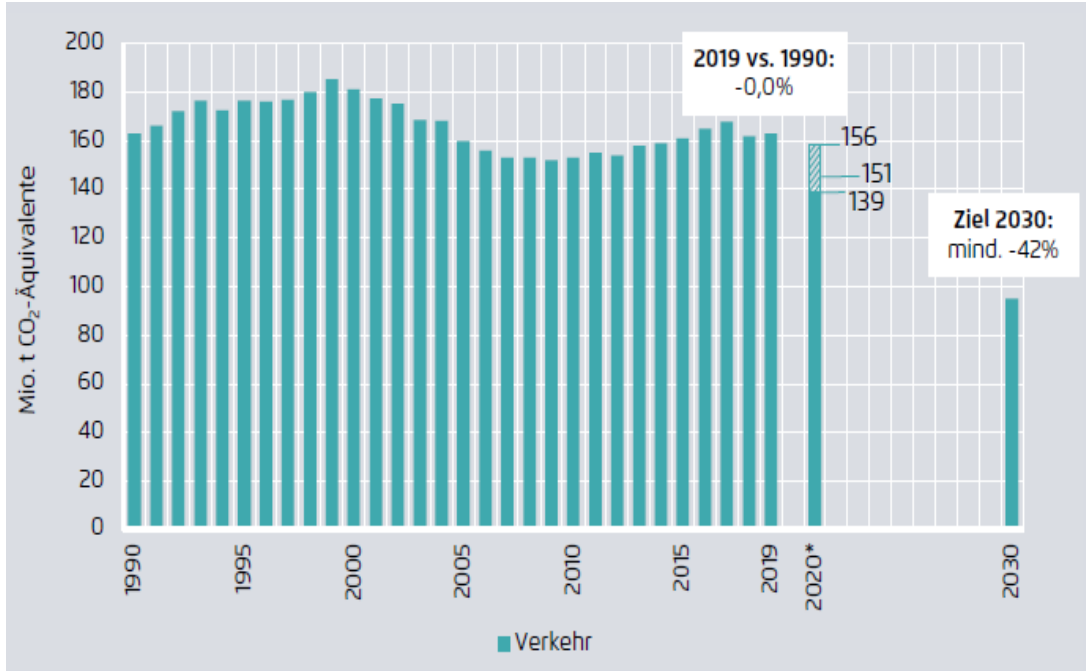
may increase emissions

Sector targets for sustainable development



Transport GHG emissions expected to fall in 2020 – Good news?

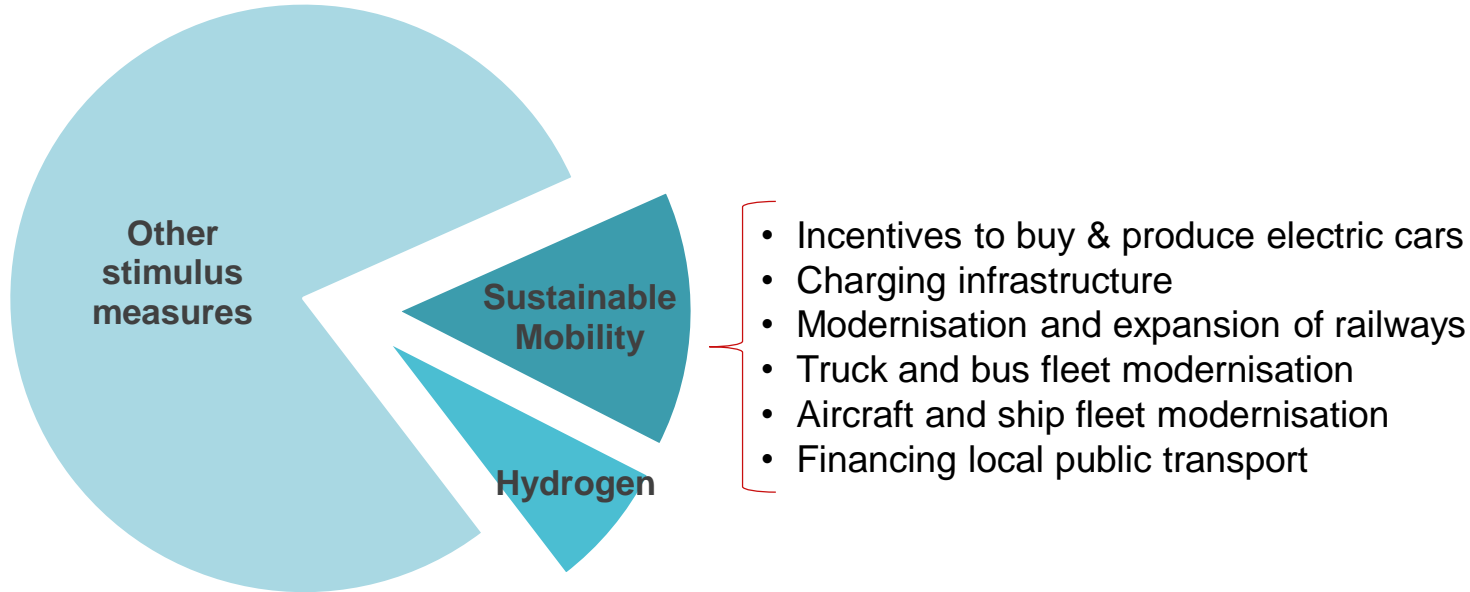
Transport CO₂e trend and 2030 goal in **Germany**



- Germany: Minus 7-25 MtCO₂ in 2020 (4-16%)
- To avoid rebound and to yield further mitigation, sustainable transport investments must continue and be upscaled
- Economic stimulus programmes must promote a 'green recovery'

WUMMS!

Germany's **€130 billion** COVID-19 recovery programme



- ~50 measures to boost consumption and speed-up recovery, equivalent to 4% of GDP
- >€50 billion (42%) for a „future package“ on climate mitigation, digitisation etc.
- of which ~€20 billion for transport decarbonisation measures

Six Action Recommendations for Policymakers

to Align Transport with the **Paris Agreement** and the Sustainable Development Agenda

to promote transport climate action in **COVID-19 recovery programs**

CHANGING TRANSPORT

Facilitating climate actions in mobility



Six action recommendations for policymakers to align transport with the Paris Agreement and the Sustainable Development Agenda

ENHANCING CLIMATE AMBITION IN TRANSPORT

SIX ACTION RECOMMENDATIONS FOR POLICYMAKERS TO ALIGN TRANSPORT WITH THE PARIS AGREEMENT AND THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AGENDA

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CHANGING TRANSPORT Facilitating climate actions in mobility
Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety

ENHANCING CLIMATE AMBITION IN TRANSPORT

Six Action Recommendations for Policymakers to Align Transport with the Paris Agreement and the Sustainable Development Agenda

- 1. Shifting the paradigm towards zero-carbon targets for 2050**
 - A comprehensive long-term agreement is necessary to set, and ensure, an agenda for transport and freight transport.
 - Policy goals from the transport reduction of emissions and needs the ambition of a zero-carbon transport system by 2050 is essential to meeting climate goals. All of the transport modes have to be electric, sustainable and safe.
- 2. Ensuring the resilience of transport systems**
 - Transport systems have to be flexible to respond to changing conditions and to be resilient to climate change.
 - Climate and adaptation may be considered in transport planning and investment decisions.
 - Adaptation of all modes need to consider climate risk in transport planning and investment decisions.
- 3. Empowering cities with national support**
 - Urban transport is associated with significant emissions in cities. It is the key to sustainable mobility and to the energy transition.
 - Due to its location, urban air is increasingly polluted. The air transport infrastructure has to be supported.
- 4. Investing in sustainable rail, inland shipping and multimodal hubs**
 - Investing in clean and efficient rail infrastructure and multimodal hubs is essential for supporting mobility and energy transition.
 - Investing in sustainable shipping, inland waterway transport and freight aviation.
 - Investing in long-haul air traffic in line with the energy use of road haul modes.
- 5. Enhancing system efficiency in freight and logistics**
 - Transportation modes need to be adapted to suit and maximize freight to maximize the use of infrastructure, to promote the uptake of efficient vehicles, and to optimize operations by increasing system efficiency.
 - Investment in digital technologies and innovation can help to improve system efficiency and reduce waste in long-haul air, waterway and road freight.
- 6. Accelerating electrification with renewable energy**
 - The decarbonization of all modes will be essential to meet the climate goals.
 - Energy needs for road transport, air transport, inland waterway and rail are increasing. The electricity generated has to be from renewable energy sources.
 - The freight sector should ensure electric vehicles are used, but focus on long-haul to avoid an increased contribution to long-haul transport.
 - Decarbonization also requires renewable energy and more production and use of low-carbon fuels across all modes.

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 www.changing-transport.org

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 On behalf of:
 Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety
 of the Federal Republic of Germany



<https://www.changing-transport.org/publication/enhancing-climate-ambition-in-transport/>



Questions & Answers

Work Session #1



Work Session #1

Recovery programmes to
accelerate NDCs

LEDS GP Virtual Workshop | 1 July 2020

Nikola Medimorec

Data and Research Analysis, SLOCAT Partnership



Main question

How can governmental economic recovery programmes contribute to the sustainable transport agenda and to NDC implementation?

Agenda

- 10 NDC recommendations
- Discussion: Transport and national programme priorities
- Exercise: Design an economic recovery

Raising Ambition for Transport in your Nationally Determined Contributions

Join Us!



www.slocat.net/ndcs

#enroutetoCOP26 #COP26

01 Mitigation Targets

Include specific transport sector CO₂ mitigation targets supported by sustainable transport measures.



02 Engagement

Work with cities and regions, companies, civil society and academia to develop robust and implementable targets.



03 Maximise Impacts

Align and integrate sustainable low carbon transport strategies with your Paris Agreement Long-Term Strategy and wider sustainable development priorities.



04 A-S-I

Incorporate Avoid, Shift, and Improve strategies to reduce the negative environmental impact of transport and increase equitable access.



05 Finance & Investments

Shift finance towards low carbon and resilient transport priorities, eliminate fossil fuel subsidies and phase out internal combustion engines.



06 Planning & Tools

Integrate urban, transport and land use planning policies and tools to support the achievement of your transport targets



07 Adaptation

Set goals and plans for the adaptation and resilience of transport systems.



08 Electrification

Accelerate electrification of buses, cars, vans, and 2- and 3-wheelers accompanied by low carbon electricity supply and advanced grid integration.



09 Freight

Address freight transport emissions, which account for 40% of energy use in the transport sector.



10 Aviation and Maritime

Include goals on aviation and maritime transport - two of the fastest growing sectors.



This campaign was developed by:



In collaboration with:

CHANGING TRANSPORT
Facilitating climate action in mobility



With contributions from:





01 Include specific transport sector CO₂ mitigation targets supported by sustainable transport measures

Set goals for specific transport sub-sectors, e.g.



Cars



Road Freight



Aviation

with sustainable transport measures that address:



Health



Mitigation



Equity



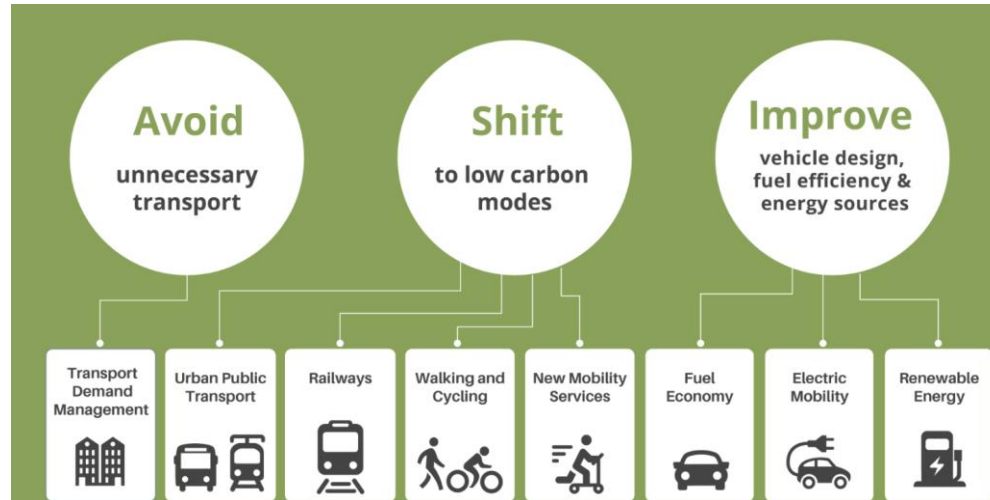
Adaptation



Social cohesion



04 Incorporate Avoid, Shift, Improve Strategies



Discussion

Imagine you have been tasked to **convince the national government** that **sustainable transport** should be included in an economic recovery programme.

How would you use these recommendations to convince the national government to include the transport sector in the stimulus packages/recovery programmes?



Exercise

Let's design a stimulus package/recovery programme for the transport sector!

Please access:

<https://bit.ly/3ih9UL9>





SLOCAT

Partnership on Sustainable,
Low Carbon Transport

 www.slocat.net

 nikola.medimorec@slocatpartnership.org

   [@slocatofficial](https://www.instagram.com/slocatofficial)

Work Session #2

PROJECT IMPACT

Impact of COVID-19 on Cities and Mobility



What is *Project IMPACT* ?

01

Joint research being undertaken by GIZ, Cities Forum, CRDF – CEPT and Ideal Management Consultants.

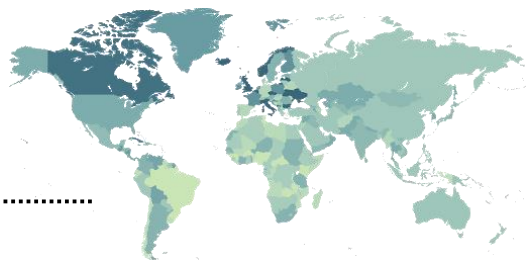
02

The objective of the research study is **to understand the likely disruption of Covid-19 on Cities and the Mobility Sector.**

03

The research is based on the survey of several **senior industry leaders in cities and the mobility sector, followed by one on one interviews with the international experts and global institutions.**

45 +
Countries



550+
Respondents



40+
Interviews



The surveys were conducted from 1 May 2020 - 7 June 2020 to capture the thoughts and opinions of Business Leaders, Policy Makers, Subject Matter Experts, Researchers and Academics



Implemented by
giz



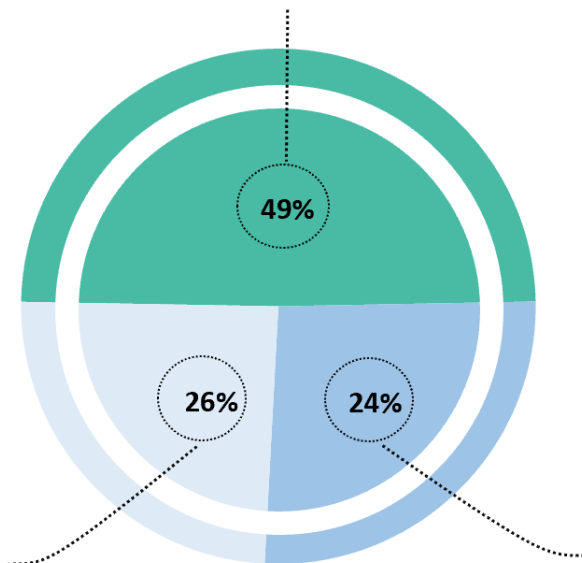
How do you feel in the long run Covid-19 will lead to impacting the size of cities?

“The pandemic has challenged the way we plan, design and live in cities globally. Whether that’s **city transport systems, where people live and work, how much space people have on streets, quality of and access to healthcare systems, access to open and green space and more.** It provides us with opportunities to review and improve how we build more resilient cities; all areas of urban development need to respond to create more livable, sustainable and healthy cities.”
— **Director, National Institute of Urban Affairs India (NIUA)**

About one fourth of respondents feel they **can't say at the moment** as to how Covid-19 will impact the size of the cities

Smaller Cities are the future

A large proportion of respondents are of the opinion that smaller cities with lower density will be preferred in the future



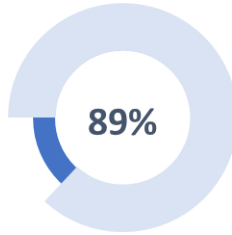
26% still feel that **Larger Cities will always be preferred over smaller cities** even post Covid-19

What do you think about the following statement? Cities need to invest more in developing cycling and walking infrastructure.

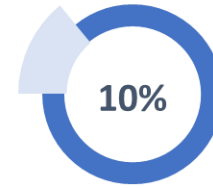
”

Walking and cycling allow for both physical distancing and liveable cities: Investments in cycling and walking should be a top priority – and they are comparatively cheap: A pop-up bike lane comes at unmatched 9500 Euro/km as per figures from Berlin.

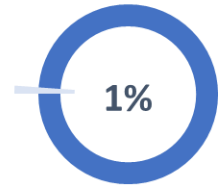
Armin Wagner, Senior Transport Policy Advisor, Transformative Urban Mobility Initiative (TUMI)



Agree



Neither Agree nor Disagree



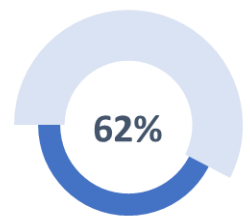
Disagree

There is almost a consensus amongst the experts globally that authorities need to invest more in developing cycling and walking infrastructure. This crisis has provided an opportunity to promote sustainable modes of travel. Further, riding a bicycle will naturally ensure social distancing requirements and also promote healthy ways of living.

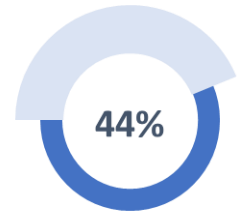
What elements of public transport do you think need to change to adapt to post-lockdown cities ?

“ For life in our cities post pandemic, public transport can, will, and should come back better. There has been many challenges faced during this crisis, but the sector can continue to learn lessons. Public transport can be more attractive and safer to travel in. In order to limit and manage crowds, **supply will be strengthened, and the service frequency augmented, offering a better and more regular service.** The sector will become more flexible and technological innovations will need to advance at a faster speed. There are many opportunities to make public transport more people-focused and more efficient: the **passenger should be the priority.** ”

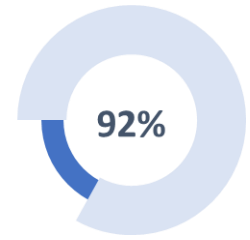
Sylvain Haon, Senior Director of Strategy at UITP



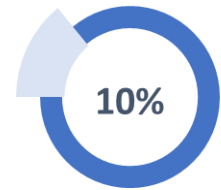
Frequency of service



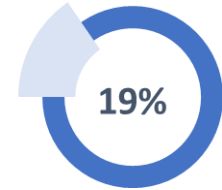
Number of Routes served



Public health interventions



Fare increases



Fare reductions

Public health interventions e.g. safe spacing of passengers, enforcement of mask wearing, public health messaging etc are the major requirements that experts feel that public transport agencies have to work on in order to pull the travel demand back on to public transits. Also, the transit agencies need to work on improving routes and level of frequencies.



In the future which travel modes do you think should be given the greatest investment and space on streets ?

“ The answer would depend on the size of cities and distribution of densities, so we have to be cautious about broad based generalization. The answer is that cities should develop a mobility plan responding to their population needs, characteristics and funding capacity. Globally we see cities are growingly prioritizing walking and cycling, public transport and IPT before supporting personal travel modes. This is a major reversal of past trends, but also reflects an asset base in place. Larger metropolitan areas with long distances to travel and high density will need investment in mass transit within the P categories in high capacity corridors. ”

Gerald Ollivier, Lead Transport Specialist, World Bank



Walking



Cycling



Public Transport



Electric Mobility



Taxi



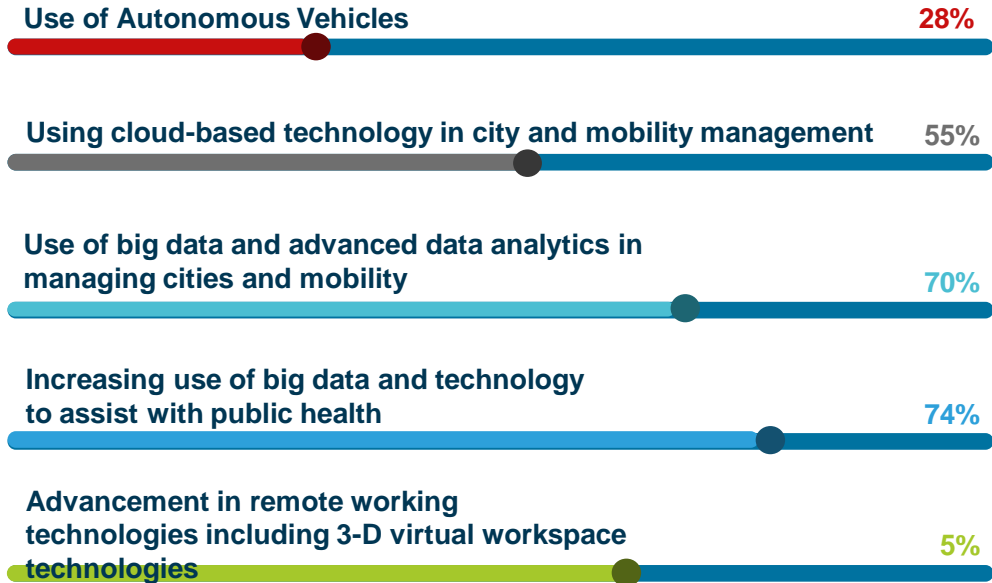
Personal Vehicles

The respondents have ranked the various modes of travel with respect to the future investment and there is a very clear consensus that cities should invest in walking and cycling modes followed by public transport and electric mobility. The personal travel modes should get least priority in terms of investment and space on streets.

What technological changes do you think might happen in the management of cities and mobility?

The COVID-19 pandemic has pushed us to embrace technologies that we were considering for the future urgently and overcome any obstacles. The wide use of tele-health, object-recognition cameras for social distancing and UAV medical delivery trials have accelerated. This horrific disease has nevertheless forced us to rethink carefully of how we use big data and analytics to effectively manage and create resilient cities, as well as how can we best introduce a “new normal” into the business as usual.

Dr George Economides, Future Mobility Team Leader, Innovation Hub, Oxfordshire County Council, UK



Conclusion of Work Session 1 & 2

Outlook and next steps



On behalf of:



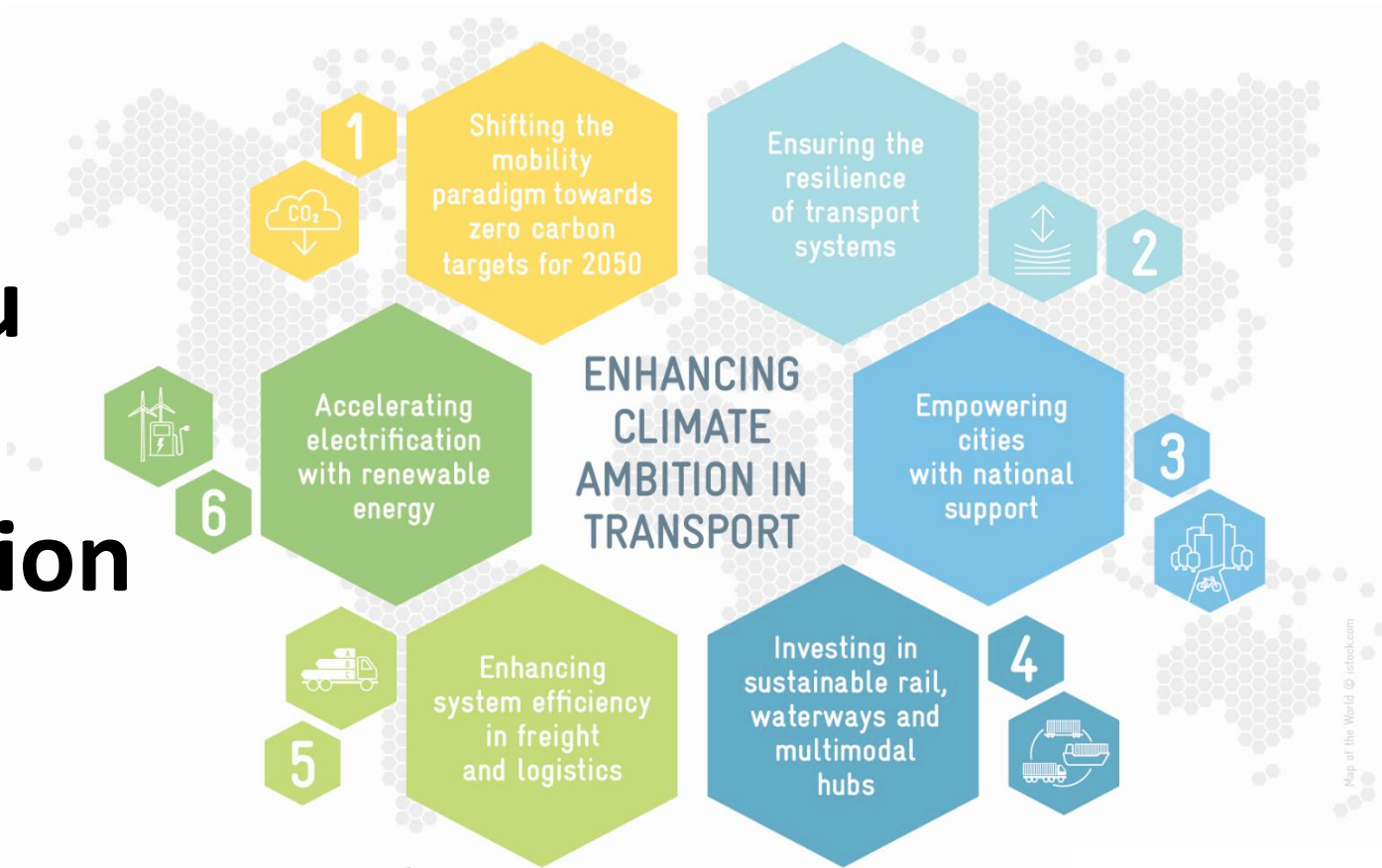
Federal Ministry
for the Environment, Nature Conservation
and Nuclear Safety

of the Federal Republic of Germany

Project goal:
Countries in
Asia work on
long-term, multi-
stakeholder,
integrated
strategies to
decarbonize
transport.

<https://www.changing-transport.org/project/ndc-tia/>

Thank you for your participation




Map of the World © istock.com



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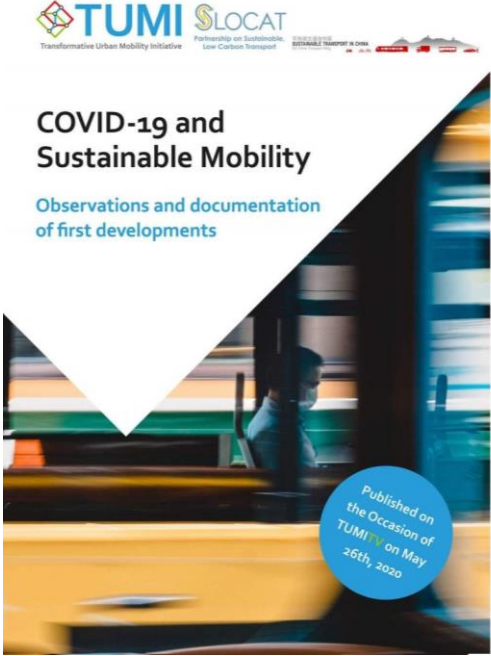
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Sharing knowhow and ideas to shape the green recovery agenda

TUMI Corona Transport Knowledge Platform

<https://www.transformative-mobility.org/corona>



BLOGs on www.changingtransport.org

